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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.

17958.001

First Inventor or Application

Michael E. Hicks

Title

INSULATED JACKET FOR A BEVERAGE CONTAINER AND

Express Mail Label No.

EL070298816US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application

ADDRESS TO:

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1. ☒ *Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)

6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

2. ☒ Specification

[Total 13]

7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)

- Descriptive title of the Invention
- Cross References to Related Applications
- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
- Reference to Microfiche Appendix
- Background of the Invention
- Brief Summary of the Invention
- Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
- Detailed Description
- Claim(s)
- Abstract of the Disclosure

a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy

b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)

c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total 2]

4. Oath or Declaration

[Total 15]

a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)

b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. 1.63(d))

[Note Box 5 below]

i. ☐ **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**
inventor(s) named in the prior application.

5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which
a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b,
is

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet &

9. ☐ 37 C.F.R. 3.73(b) Statement ☒ Power of Attorney

10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)

11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations

12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment

13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)

14. ☒ * Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application,

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)

16. ☐ Other: _____

* A new statement is required to be entitled to pay small entity fees, except

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application _____ / _____

Prior application information: Examiner _____

Group / Art Unit _____

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☐ Customer Number or Bar Code Label

or ☒ Correspondence address below

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Date

March 5, 1999

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VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27 (e)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN			Docket No. 17958.001
Serial No. To Be Assigned	Filing Date Concurrently Herewith	Patent No.	Issue Date
Applicant/ Patentee: Michael Hicks			
Invention: INSULATED JACKET FOR A BEVERAGE CONTAINER AND BLANK AND METHOD FOR FOR FABRICATING SAME			
I hereby declare that I am: <input type="checkbox"/> the owner of the small business concern identified below: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below: NAME OF CONCERN: <u>Name Manufacturing Acquisition Corporation</u> ADDRESS OF CONCERN: <u>700 Hickory Tree Road, Mesquite, TX 75149</u>			
I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 37 CFR 1.21.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.			
I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the above identified invention described in: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the specification filed herewith with title as listed above. <input type="checkbox"/> the application identified above. <input type="checkbox"/> the patent identified above.			
If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).			

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below.

- ☒ no such person, concern or organization exists.
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FULL NAME			
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	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual	<input type="checkbox"/> Small Business Concern	<input type="checkbox"/> Nonprofit Organization
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	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual	<input type="checkbox"/> Small Business Concern	<input type="checkbox"/> Nonprofit Organization
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	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual	<input type="checkbox"/> Small Business Concern	<input type="checkbox"/> Nonprofit Organization

Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Michael E. Hicks
TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING
OTHER THAN OWNER: Vice President, Nuno Manufacturing Acquisition Corporation
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: 700 Hickory Tree Road, Mesquite, TX 75149

SIGNATURE: DATE: 3/4/99

INSULATED JACKET FOR A BEVERAGE CONTAINER AND BLANK AND METHOD FOR FABRICATING SAME

5 Cross-Reference to Related Application

This disclosure incorporates and has the priority of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 60/077,846, filed March 13, 1998, entitled INSULATED JACKET FOR A BEVERAGE CONTAINER.

Background of the Invention

10 The present invention relates generally to insulated devices for slowing temperature loss in heated or cooled beverages and, more particularly, to insulated jackets of the type which fit about a beverage container, especially a single-serving container such as a convention aluminum beverage can.

Conventionally, beverages of all types, ranging from soft drinks to fruit juices to beer, 15 are packaged for consumption in single-serving containers of various sorts. Because of ease of manufacture and the ability to recycle and reuse the constituent materials, aluminum and various moldable thermoplastic materials are most commonly used for such beverage containers, with aluminum cans of a twelve-ounce size being the most common form and size of such beverage containers.

20 While such beverage containers offer many advantages, including recyclability as already mentioned, non-breakability, and low relative weight, one of the disadvantages is that the relative low weight and thin-wall construction of such containers provides little resistance against heat transfer to or from the beverage within the container. Hence, chilled beverages, in particular, tend to rapidly gain temperature once the beverage container is taken from a 25 chilled environment, e.g., a refrigerator, and opened for consumption.

To address this problem, a considerable number and variety of different forms of insulated devices for jacketing beveraged cans have been developed over recent years to act

as holders for beverage cans while being consumed, the insulative character of such devices acting to minimize heat transfer from the warmer ambient atmosphere to the chilled beverage within the container. One popular form of such devices is made of foamed synthetic thermoplastic material commonly called foam rubber, formed as a cylindrical jacket dimensioned to closely encircle a standard twelve-ounce beverage can. Such devices typically also include a circular foam rubber bottom wall to provide additional insulative properties. Other similar cylindrical jacket devices are made in substantially the same configuration of relatively hard inflexible dual-walled plastic material within which is contained an insulating material.

While these devices function well for their intended purpose, they suffer the disadvantage of being relatively bulky and inconvenient to carry when not in use, since such devices cannot be folded, collapsed or otherwise placed within normal-sized pockets in typical clothing articles. A more recent form of insulated beverage container jacket is made of a relatively thin-walled synthetic foam rubber material (typically of a thickness of about one-eighth inch) covered on each face by a textile fabric laminated or otherwise bonded to the synthetic foam rubber. Such jackets are made from a single piece of flat fabric-surfaced foam rubber material cut as a blank in the shape of two rectangles spaced endwise from one another by an intervening circular web of the same material, the blank being fabricated into the jacketing device by sewing or otherwise affixing together the respective side margins of the two rectangular portions whereby the sewn rectangular portions form an annulus of the material formable into a cylindrical shape to fit about a beverage can with the connecting circular web in turn forming an insulative bottom wall to the jacket.

One of the advantages of this form of insulating beverage jacket is that, when not in use, the opposite rectangular wall portions tend to reassume their original flattened configuration, whereby the device can be more readily carried in the pocket of an article of

clothing. However, due to the manner of construction described above, the circular connecting web of the device naturally tends to project away from the rectangular sidewalls when the device is not in use, thereby increasing the overall outer dimensions of the device which detracts from the ease of placing the device into a pocket.

5 **Summary of the Invention**

It is accordingly an object of the present invention to provide an improved form of insulating beverage container jacket which can be more compactly collapsed for carrying in a pocket of clothing. A more particular object of the present invention is to provide an insulating beverage container jacket made of thin-walled fabric-backed synthetic foam rubber generally like that of the known form of jacketing device described above but wherein the bottom insulating wall is adapted to naturally collapse into the annulus of the device, whereby the device naturally assumes a more compact, generally rectangular configuration when not in use and is thereby more conveniently stowed in a pocket of clothing. A further and more particular object of the present invention is to provide a unique configuration of a blank of the fabric-backed foamed rubber insulating material from which the jacketing device of the present invention may be fabricated to achieve the foregoing properties.

Briefly summarized, these objects of the present invention are achieved in an insulative beverage container jacketing device fabricated of a relatively thin-walled synthetic foam rubber (or other synthetic foamed thermoplastic material) covered on both opposite surfaces with outer layers of textile fabric. The device basically comprises a main annular body configured and dimensioned to be compatible with a standard-sized conventional beverage container, e.g., a conventional twelve-ounce aluminum beverage can (although it will be understood that the dimensions of the device can be readily modified to be compatibly sized for receiving substantially any shape and size of beverage container). The device additionally includes a generally circular bottom wall connected at diametrically opposite

locations to the annular body at a lower edge thereof, but otherwise unconnected to the annular body, thereby permitting the annular body and the bottom wall to assume a flattened condition when not in use. In accordance with the present invention, the bottom wall is formed with an inwardly-facing seam or fold substantially bisecting the bottom wall between the opposed locations of attachment to the annular body, the seam biasing or otherwise urging the bisected halves of the bottom wall to fold relative to one another into the interior of the annular body when not in use, and to resist any tendency to project outwardly away from the annular body.

In a preferred embodiment, the insulative beverage container jacket of the present invention is fabricated from a flat blank of the preferred synthetic fabric-backed foamed insulating material cut in the shape of an elongated rectangle with semi-circular portions extending outwardly from one longitudinal side of the rectangle at spacings therealong. The jacketing device is formed by sewing or otherwise joining the opposite ends of the rectangle, thereby forming the main annular body of the device, and by sewing together or otherwise joining the respective outward edges of the two semi-circular portions, which thereby together form the bottom wall of the device. The seam between the two semi-circular portions is preferably formed as a lap-type seam facing inwardly of the annular body, whereby the seam acts to bias or urge the two semi-circular portions to fold inwardly within the annular body.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a prior art insulated beverage container jacket of the type described above, shown in a partially opened condition ready for insertion of a beverage container;

Figure 2 is a bottom plan view of the prior art insulated beverage container jacket of

Figure 1, also shown in the same partially opened use condition;

Figure 3 is a side elevational view of the prior art insulated beverage container jacket of Figures 1 and 2, shown in its flattened storage condition;

Figure 4 is a plan view of a prior art blank of insulating material from which the beverage container jacket of Figures 1-3 is fabricated;

5 Figure 5 is a perspective view of an insulated beverage container jacket in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, shown in a partially opened condition ready for insertion of a beverage container;

Figure 6 is a bottom plan view of the insulated beverage container jacket of the present invention shown in Figure 5, also depicted in the same partially opened condition
10 thereof;

Figure 7 is a side elevational view of the insulated beverage container jacket of Figures 5 and 6 of the present invention, shown in its flattened storage condition; and

Figure 8 is a plan view of a blank of insulating material in accordance with the present invention, from which the insulated beverage container jacket of Figures 5-7 is fabricated.

15 **Description of the Preferred Embodiment**

Referring now to the accompanying drawings and initially to Figures 1-4, a known prior art insulated beverage container jacket of the type briefly described above is indicated generally at 10 in finished form in Figures 1-3 and at 12 in Figure 4 in blank form from which the jacket 10 is fabricated. The jacket 10 basically comprises a main annular body 14
20 which can be opened into an essentially cylindrical shape as shown in Figures 1 and 2 but can also be flattened into a generally planar form as shown in Figure 3, with an essentially circular bottom wall 16 connected to the lower edge 14' at diametrically opposite locations 18 but otherwise unconnected to the lower edge 14' of the annular body 14 whereby the bottom wall 16 substantially spans transversely the area within the lower edge 14' in the
25 opened condition of the jacket 10, as shown in Figures 1 and 2, and is foldable into two face-

butting semi-circular portions projecting downwardly from the edge 14' outwardly away from the annular body 14 when in the flattened condition of Figure 3.

The jacket 10 of the known device is fabricated from a conventional thin-walled polymeric foam material commonly referred to as synthetic foam rubber, having a textile fabric bonded to the opposite outward faces of the foam. As shown in Figure 4, the jacket 10 is fashioned from a blank 12 cut from a flat web of such material into the indicated shape having two rectangular portions 20, each of a lengthwise dimension 20l corresponding to the height, i.e., axial length, of the annular body 14 and each of a width 20w corresponding to one-half of the circumference of the annular body 14, the two rectangular portions 20 being connected at an endwise (lengthwise) spacing by a circular portion 22 extending between adjacent widthwise ends 20w of the two rectangular portions 20 and being of a diameter substantially corresponding to the annular body 14.

The jacket 10 is thus fabricated from the blank 12 by folding the blank 12 lengthwise to place the two rectangular portions 20 in face-butting coextensive relationship and then sewing together the juxtaposed lengthwise edges 20l of the two rectangular portions 20, thereby producing the flattened jacket 10 of Figure 3. As thusly sewn together, the two rectangular portions 20 collectively form the annular body 14 while the circular portion 22 forms the circular bottom wall 16.

As already indicated above, the jacket 10 of this prior art construction functions satisfactorily for its intended purpose to receive a conventional beverage container, e.g., a conventional 12-ounce size aluminum can, within the interior of the annular body 14, but the jacket 10 is less than optimally convenient to carry when not in use because the circular portion 22 forming the circular bottom wall 16 projects outwardly from the annular body 14 as shown in Figure 3, thereby increasing the overall dimension of the jacket 10 in its folded storage condition.

Referring now to Figures 5-8, the improved insulated beverage jacket container of the present invention is indicated generally at 30, shown in opened condition ready for use in Figures 5 and 6 and in flattened storage condition in Figure 7. The jacket 30 basically comprises an annular body 32 with an essentially circular bottom wall 34 connected to the lower edge 32' of the annular body 32 at diametrically opposite locations 36 but otherwise unconnected to the annular body 32. In this manner, in the opened condition of the jacket 30 shown in Figures 5 and 6, the annular body 32 assumes an essentially cylindrical shape to receive a beverage container within the interior of the annular body 32, with the bottom wall 34 substantially spanning the circular area within the opened lower edge 32' of the body 32 in such condition. When not in use, the jacket 30 may be folded into an essentially flattened condition shown in Figure 7, wherein the annular body 32 assumes an essentially flattened rectangular configuration, with the circular bottom wall 34 folded upon itself into two face-butting semi-circular portions nested inwardly within the folded annular body 32, such that the overall folded configuration of the jacket 30 is rectangular without any portion of the jacket 30 projecting outwardly of the annular body 32.

This configuration of the jacket 30 is created by fabricating the jacket 30 from the blank 38 shown in Figure 8. Like the known jacket 10 of the prior art, the jacket 30 is fabricated from a relatively thin-walled thermoplastic polymeric foam material, such as conventional synthetic foam rubber, having a textile fabric covering laminated or otherwise bonded to the two outward surfaces of the foam material, thereby to provide the desired insulating properties. The blank 38 of Figure 8 is cut from a flattened web of such material into the depicted shape providing a single continuous elongated rectangular portion 40, the length 40l of which corresponds to the circumference of the annular body 32 and the width 40w of which corresponds to the height, i.e., axial length, of the annular body 32. Two semi-

circular portions 42 extend outwardly from spaced locations along one lengthwise side 40l of the rectangular portion 40.

Thus, the jacket 30 is fabricated from the blank 38 by folding the rectangular portion 40 lengthwise to bring its opposite widthwise edges 40w into co-extensive juxtaposition,

5 while simultaneously bringing the two semi-circular portions 42 into face abutment. The juxtaposed widthwise edges 40w and the juxtaposed outward linear edges 42' of the two semi-circular portions 42 are then secured to one another. Essentially any conventional

means of securement may be utilized, e.g., welding, gluing, sewing or the like, but it is preferred that each seam thusly created be an overlapping type of seam. As thusly created,

10 the jacket 30 is then everted to orient the overlapping seams to face inwardly of the jacket interior. As a result, a more pleasing outward appearance of the seams is created, but more importantly the inwardly facing orientation of the overlapping seam between the edges 42' of the two semi-circular portions 42 causes the bottom wall 34 to be biased or urged to fold inwardly within the annular body 32 when not in use and resists any tendency of the two
15 semi-circular portions 42 to project axially outwardly from the annular body 32.

Advantageously, therefore, the jacket 30 of the present invention provides all of the same advantages as the known jacket 10 in respect to compactness, lightweight and foldability. However, the jacket 30 at the same time overcomes the disadvantage of the known jacket 10 in avoiding any tendency of the circular bottom wall 34 to project outwardly
20 from the annular body 32 when the jacket 30 is not in use. The jacket 30 may thus be conveniently folded into a more compact rectangular shape when not in use and can easily be carried in most pockets of most garments. Further, the jacket 30 when unfolded will tend to assume an opened cylindrical shape so as to be self-standing which simplifies convenient insertion of a beverage can and also better enables retail display and use of the jacket.

An additional important advantage of the present invention is that because of the unique construction of the jacket 30, only a single side seam is created in the annular body 32, thereby enabling graphics to be printed on the exterior surface of the annular body 32 substantially uninterrupted about essentially its entire annular extent. In contrast, as will be seen from Figures 1-4, prior art jackets such as the jacket 10 have two diametrically opposed side seams in its annular body 14, which thereby restrict the placement and size of graphics on the exterior surface of the jacket. As will be understood, insulated beverage jackets of this type characteristically carry distinctive promotional graphics on the exterior surface and, hence, this feature of the present jacket 30 provides substantially greater flexibility and variety in the size, type and arrangement of graphics which can be placed on the jacket 30.

It will therefore be readily understood by those persons skilled in the art that the present invention is susceptible of broad utility and application. Many embodiments and adaptations of the present invention other than those herein described, as well as many variations, modifications and equivalent arrangements, will be apparent from or reasonably suggested by the present invention and the foregoing description thereof, without departing from the substance or scope of the present invention. Accordingly, while the present invention has been described herein in detail in relation to its preferred embodiment, it is to be understood that this disclosure is only illustrative and exemplary of the present invention and is made merely for purposes of providing a full and enabling disclosure of the invention. The foregoing disclosure is not intended or to be construed to limit the present invention or otherwise to exclude any such other embodiments, adaptations, variations, modifications and equivalent arrangements.

What is claimed is:

1. An insulative jacket for a beverage container, comprising a main body formed of a flexible insulative material in a configuration forming an annulus with a continuous upper edge and a continuous lower edge openable into a generally annular form defining an interior area of a shape and dimension for receiving the beverage container through the upper edge and collapsible along diametrically opposed fold lines into a flattened rectangular form when not in use, and a generally circular end wall connected to the lower edge of the annulus at diametrically opposed locations with a fold line bisecting the wall between the opposed locations and biased inwardly of the annulus to urge the wall to fold within the annulus when collapsed into the flattened rectangular form.

2. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 1, wherein the circular wall is formed of a flexible insulative material.

3. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 1, wherein the main body is formed of a foamed synthetic material.

4. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 1, wherein the main body and the wall are formed of a foamed synthetic material.

5. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 1, wherein the main body and the wall are formed integrally with one another.

6. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 4, wherein the main body and the wall are formed integrally with one another.

7. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 6, wherein the main body and the wall further comprise fabric layers affixed to opposite surfaces thereof.

8. An insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 1, wherein the fold line is formed by a seam sewn in the wall to face inwardly of the annulus of the main body.

9. A blank for forming a collapsible insulative jacket for a beverage container, comprising a generally planar web of flexible insulative material including a main elongated rectangular body portion defined by opposed end edges and opposed lengthwise edges of a length sufficient to encircle the beverage container when the end edges are abutted with one another and two semicircular wall portions extending from one lengthwise edge at a spacing therealong selected to be abutted with one another when the end edges of the main body are abutted.

10. A blank for forming a collapsible insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 9, wherein the planar web is a unitary piece of the flexible insulative material.

11. A blank for forming a collapsible insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 9, wherein the flexible insulative material comprises a foamed synthetic material.

12. A blank for forming a collapsible insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 9, wherein the planar web includes fabric layers affixed to opposite surfaces thereof.

13. A method of fabricating an insulative jacket for a beverage container, comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a blank formed as a generally planar web of flexible insulative material including a main elongated rectangular body portion defined by opposed end edges and opposed lengthwise edges of a length sufficient to encircle the beverage container when the end edges are abutted with one another and two semicircular wall portions extending from one lengthwise edge at a spacing therealong selected to be abutted with one another when the end edges of the main body are abutted,

(b) joining the end edges of the main body in abutment with one another to form an annulus with one lengthwise edge forming a continuous upper edge and the other lengthwise edge forming a continuous lower edge openable into a generally annular form defining an interior area of a shape and dimension for receiving the beverage container through the upper edge and collapsible along diametrically opposed fold lines into a flattened rectangular form when not in use, and

(c) joining the two semicircular wall portions to form a generally circular end wall connected to the lower edge of the annulus at diametrically opposed locations with the joining forming a fold line bisecting the wall between the opposed locations and biased inwardly of the annulus to urge the wall to fold within the annulus when collapsed into the flattened rectangular form.

14. A method of fabricating an insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 13, wherein the joining of the end edges of the main body comprises sewing the end edges of the main body together.

15. A method of fabricating an insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 14, wherein the sewing of the end edges of the main body comprises forming a seam facing inwardly of the annulus of the main body to urge the main body to collapse into the flattened rectangular form.

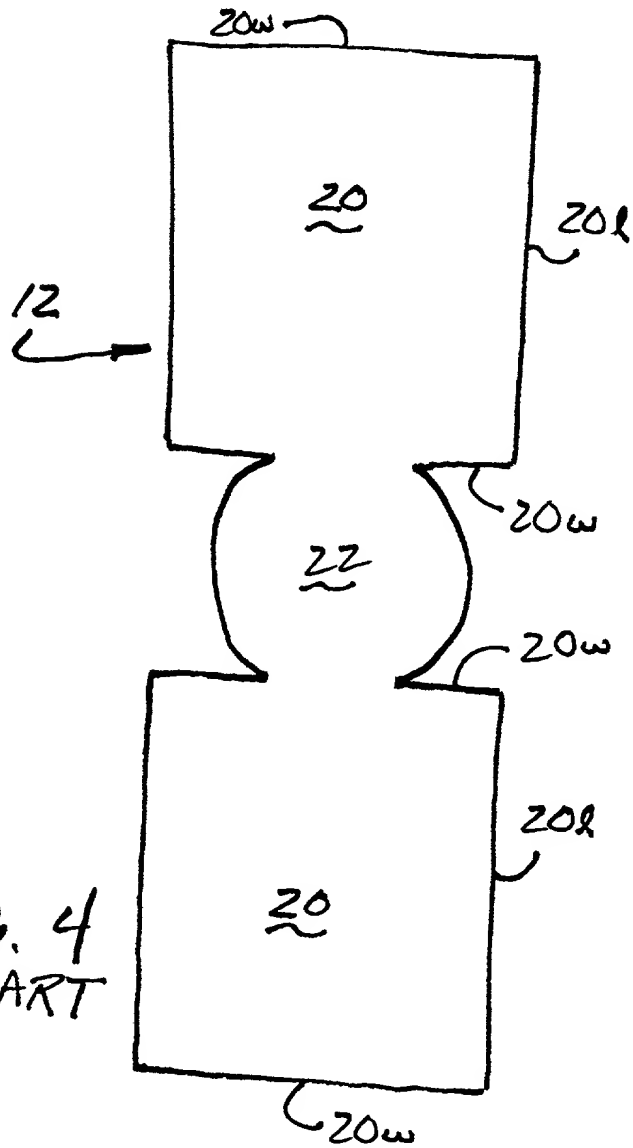
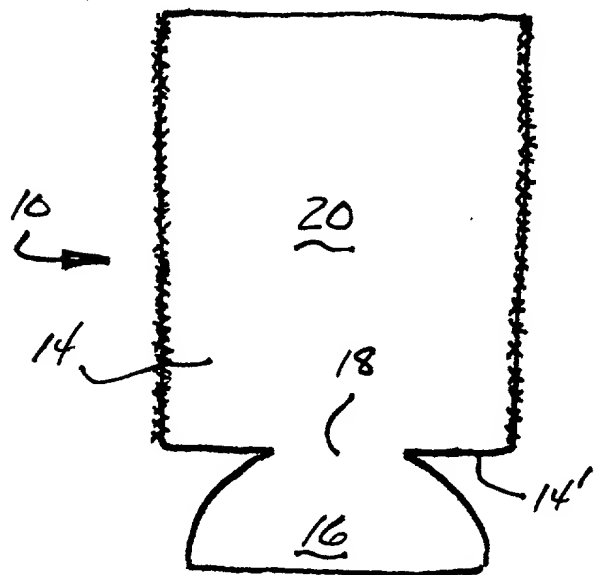
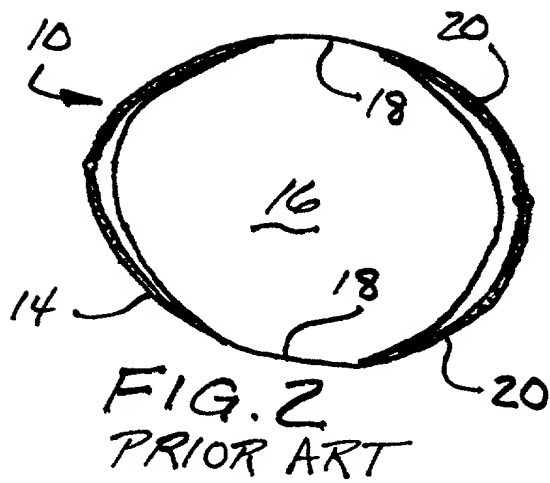
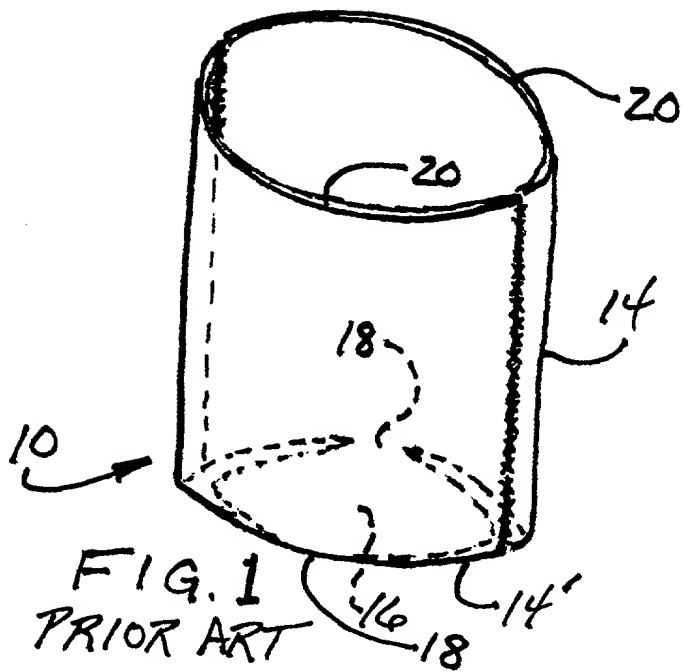
16. A method of fabricating an insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 13, wherein the joining of the two semicircular wall portions comprises sewing the two wall portions together.

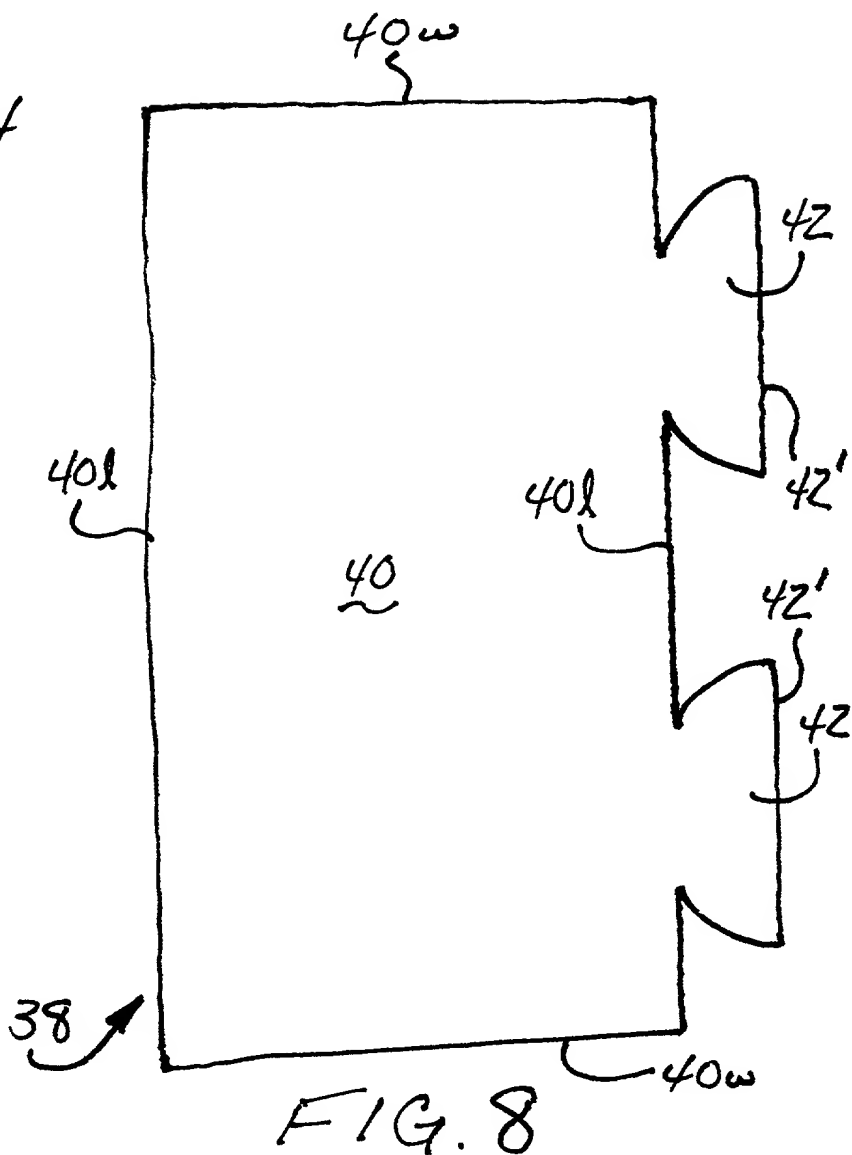
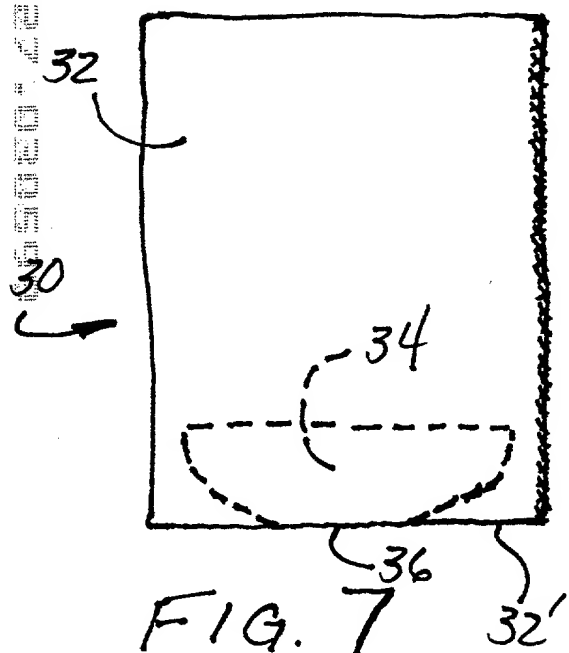
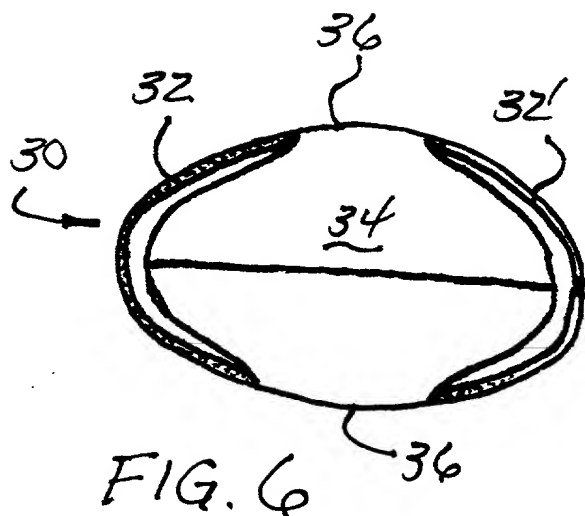
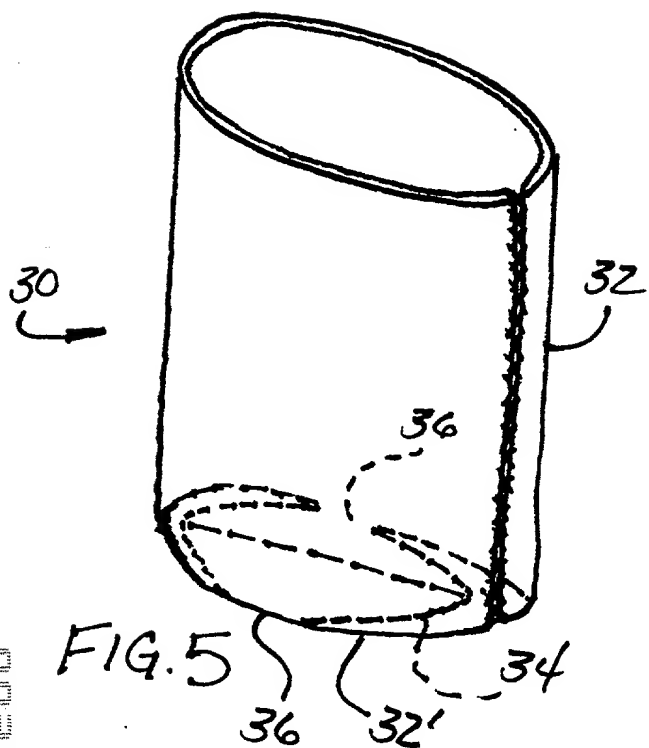
17. A method of fabricating an insulative jacket for a beverage container according to claim 16, wherein the sewing of the two semicircular wall portions comprises forming a seam facing inwardly of the annulus of the main body to urge the circular end wall to fold within the annulus when collapsed into the flattened rectangular form.

Abstract Of The Disclosure

An insulative jacket for a beverage container is fabricating from a unitary blank of flexible insulative material into a main body forming an annulus with continuous upper and lower edges openable into an annular form for receiving the beverage container and

- 5 collapsible along diametrically opposed fold lines into a flattened rectangular form when not in use, and a circular end wall connected to the lower edge of the annulus at diametrically opposed locations with a sewn fold line bisecting the wall to urge it to fold inwardly within the annulus when collapsed into the flattened rectangular form.





Express Mail Label No.

Page 1 of

Docket No.
17958.001

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

INSULATED JACKET FOR A BEVERAGE CONTAINER AND BLANK AND METHOD FOR FABRICATING SAME

the specification of which

(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

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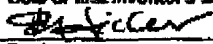
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